एक सतत प्रक्रिया है। सरकार और सरकारी उद्यमों के प्रबन्धन सरकारी उद्यमों के कार्य-निष्पादन में सुधार हेतु अपना प्रयास जारी रखे हुए है। इस सम्बन्ध में किए जाने वाले कुछ उपायों में निदेशक मण्डल को अधिकाधिक शक्तियों का प्रत्यायोजन रुग्ण सरकारी उद्यमों की औद्योगिक एवं वित्तीय पुनर्गठन मण्डल को सुपुर्दगी, स्वैच्छिक सेवानिवृत्ति योजनाओं के माध्यम से अधिक श्रमशक्ति में कमी, प्रौद्योगिकी उन्नयन, उत्पाद-मिश्र आदि शामिल है।

Sick units in Uttar Pradesh

2745. SHRI MOHAMMED AFZAL *alias* MEEM AFZAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the number of industrial units that have fallen sick in Uttar Pradesh as on 31st December, 1994;

(b) whether State level panels had been set up to consider the revival of those sick units; and

(c) if so, the details of action initiated by this State level panel so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) Data on sick industrial units assisted by banks in the country is compiled by the Reserve Bank of India. According to the latest RBI data, 33722 industrial units in the small scale sector and 144 industrial units in the non-small scale sector were reported sick as at the end of March, 1993, in the state of Uttar Pradesh;

(b) and (c) The Reserve Bank of India has set up State Level Inter-Institutional Committee (SLIIC) under the chairmanship of Secretary, industries Department of the State Government and the local office-in-charge of RBI's Rural Planning and credit Department as convener. The committee periodically meets to discuss and resolve problems of co-ordination between banks and financial institutions, government agencies and other policy issues relating to rehabilitation of sick industrial units in the small scale sector.

Task force to study spurious component production

2746. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry of Industry has constituted any task force to study the implications of the spurious component production in the country;

(b) whether the Task Force has submitted its report and if so, what are the details;

(c) what is the estimated quantity and value of production and sale of spurious auto components in the country during each of the last three years and so far in 1994-95;

(d) to what extent the production and sale of spurious auto components has affected the genuine manufacturers and also loss to the exchequer by evasion of duty;

(e) to what extent spurious auto component used in the country are responsible for causing more accidents and whether Government have made any survey in this regard; if so, what are the details thereof; and

(f) what steps Government have taken to check the production and sale of spurious components in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) According to a pilot study conducted by the National Council of Applied Economic Research in 1992-93, the market size of spurious components in 1991-92 was of the order of Rs. 2693.35 crores representing 42.23% of the total sale of component during that year. No such study has been conducted thereafter.

(d) According to this study, the total loss of revenue by way of excise duty and